

**Контрольно-измерительные материалы для проведения
промежуточной аттестации по предмету
«Иностранный язык» за курс 8 класса**

**1. Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами.
Используйте каждую тему только один раз. Одна тема лишняя.**

1. City attractions.
2. A London cinema.
3. A London theatre.
4. A London street.
5. Nature sights.
6. A London museum.

A. The Lake District, in northwest England, is a small area, but extremely beautiful, with the varied delights of soft hills and woodland and the panoramas of the great lakes. The Lake District is more often visited, both by day tourists and holidaymakers, than any other region of outstanding natural beauty in the British Isles.

B. England's most ancient northern city lies on the River Ouse in the centre of the Vale of York between the Yorkshire Dales and the North York Moors. It was once the principal town of Yorkshire, and it remains the seat of the Archbishop of York. A child-friendly city, its Viking, Castle and Railway museums have plenty to engage young people as well as adults.

C. Along the north part of Trafalgar Square is the famous National Gallery. Founded in 1824, the gallery has since grown into one of the most outstanding and comprehensive collections in the world, with a list of masters ranging from Leonardo da Vinci and Rembrandt to El Greco and Van Gogh.

D. The London Coliseum famous for its richly decorated interiors was used for variety shows, musical comedies, and stage plays for many years. In 1974 its name was changed to the English National Opera. Today it is used primarily for opera as well as being the London home of the English National Ballet. When not on tour they perform regular seasons throughout the year.

E. The Mall is London's impressive ceremonial way, a broad tree-lined avenue. The spectacular parade takes place here each June to celebrate the official Birthday of the Sovereign. Queen Elizabeth II rides down the avenue in a horse-drawn

carriage. Over 1,000 officers and men are on parade, together with two hundred horses; over two hundred musicians march and play as one.

A	B	C	D	E

2. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание, поставив Т (верно) или F (неверно).

Isaac Newton

Newton, one of the greatest scientists of all times was born in 1642 in the little village in Lincolnshire, England. His father was a farmer and died before Newton was born. His mother was a clever woman whom he always loved.

After the school, Newton studied mathematics at Cambridge university and received his degree in 1665. Then the university was closed because of the danger of plague and Newton went home for eighteen months. It was most important period in his life when he made his three great discoveries — the discoveries of the differential calculus, of the nature of white light, and of the law of gravitation.

These discoveries are still important for the modern science. Newton had always been interested in the problems of light. Many people saw colors of a rainbow but only Newton showed, by his experiments, that white light consists of these colors.

It is interesting how he discovered the law gravitation. Once, as he sat at the garden, his attention was drawn by the fall of an apple. Many people saw such an usual thing before.

But it was Newton who asked himself a question: "Why does that apple fall perpendicularly to the ground? Why doesn't it go sideways or upwards?" The answer to this question was the theory of gravitation, discovered by Newton.

Newton died at the age of 84, and was buried in Westminster Abbey, where his monument stands today.

1. Newton was born in 1642 in the little village in Lincolnshire, England. ____
2. His father was a driver and died before Newton was born. ____
3. Isaac Newton made only one great discovery. ____

4. He made his discoveries, when he was at home.____
5. Cambridge university was closed because of the danger of plague.____
6. Newton had always been interested in the problems of light. ____
7. Then the university was closed, Newton went home for fifteen months.____
8. Newton was buried in Westminster Abbey.____
9. After the school, Newton studied at Eton.____
10. Newton died when he was eighty-two. ____

Работа состоит из заданий: чтение, лексика.

Время выполнения работы: 40 минут

Критерии оценивания:

За выполнение каждого задания начисляются баллы:

По 1 б. – за каждое задание.

За неверный ответ или его отсутствие выставляется 0 баллов. Исправления, сделанные обучающимися, ошибкой не считаются. Работа оценивается по пятибалльной системе.

Максимальный балл за выполнение всей работы – 15.

7 – 0 б. – «2»

10 – 8 б. – «3»

13 – 11 б. – «4»

15 – 14 б. – «5»

Критерии оценивания для детей с ОВЗ:

За выполнение каждого задания начисляются баллы:

По 1 б. – за каждое задание.

За неверный ответ или его отсутствие выставляется 0 баллов. Исправления, сделанные обучающимися, ошибкой не считаются. Работа оценивается по пятибалльной системе.

Максимальный балл за выполнение всей работы – 15.

5 – 0 б. – «2»

8 – 6 б. – «3»

11 – 9 б. – «4»

15 – 12 б. – «5»

